



1. 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x(3x - 1)^2} = \frac{A}{x} + \frac{B}{(3x - 1)} + \frac{C}{(3x - 1)^2}$$

(a) Find the values of the constants  $A, B$  and  $C$ . **(4)**

(b) (i) Hence find  $\int f(x) dx$ .

(ii) Find  $\int_1^2 f(x) dx$ , leaving your answer in the form  $a + \ln b$ ,  
where  $a$  and  $b$  are constants. **(6)**

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---









2.

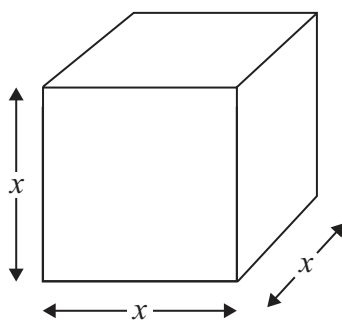


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a metal cube which is expanding uniformly as it is heated. At time  $t$  seconds, the length of each edge of the cube is  $x$  cm, and the volume of the cube is  $V$  cm<sup>3</sup>.

(a) Show that  $\frac{dV}{dx} = 3x^2$  (1)

Given that the volume,  $V$  cm<sup>3</sup>, increases at a constant rate of 0.048 cm<sup>3</sup>s<sup>-1</sup>,

(b) find  $\frac{dx}{dt}$ , when  $x = 8$  (2)

(c) find the rate of increase of the total surface area of the cube, in cm<sup>2</sup>s<sup>-1</sup>, when  $x = 8$  (3)

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



Question 2 continued

Handwriting practice lines for Question 2 continued. The page contains 30 horizontal lines for writing.



Question 2 continued

Ruled area for writing the answer to Question 2. The area contains 30 horizontal lines.







3.

$$f(x) = \frac{6}{\sqrt{9-4x}}, \quad |x| < \frac{9}{4}$$

(a) Find the binomial expansion of  $f(x)$  in ascending powers of  $x$ , up to and including the term in  $x^3$ . Give each coefficient in its simplest form.

(6)

Use your answer to part (a) to find the binomial expansion in ascending powers of  $x$ , up to and including the term in  $x^3$ , of

(b)  $g(x) = \frac{6}{\sqrt{9+4x}}, \quad |x| < \frac{9}{4}$

(1)

(c)  $h(x) = \frac{6}{\sqrt{9-8x}}, \quad |x| < \frac{9}{8}$

(2)

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---















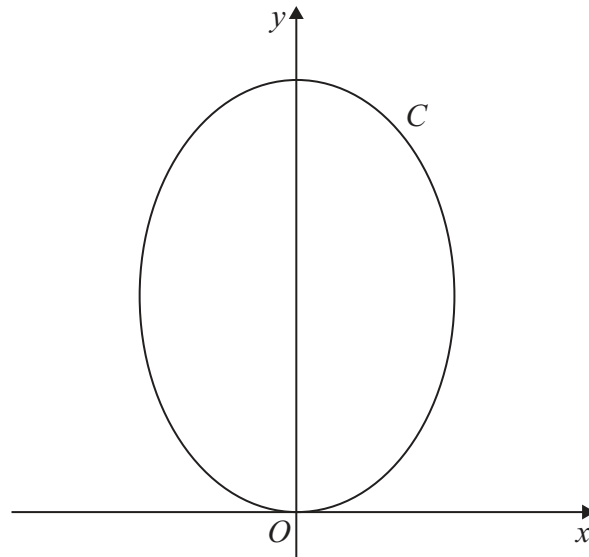








6.



**Figure 2**

Figure 2 shows a sketch of the curve *C* with parametric equations

$$x = (\sqrt{3})\sin 2t, \quad y = 4 \cos^2 t, \quad 0 \leq t \leq \pi$$

- (a) Show that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = k(\sqrt{3})\tan 2t$ , where *k* is a constant to be determined. (5)

- (b) Find an equation of the tangent to *C* at the point where  $t = \frac{\pi}{3}$ .

Give your answer in the form  $y = ax + b$ , where *a* and *b* are constants.

(4)

- (c) Find a cartesian equation of *C*. (3)

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

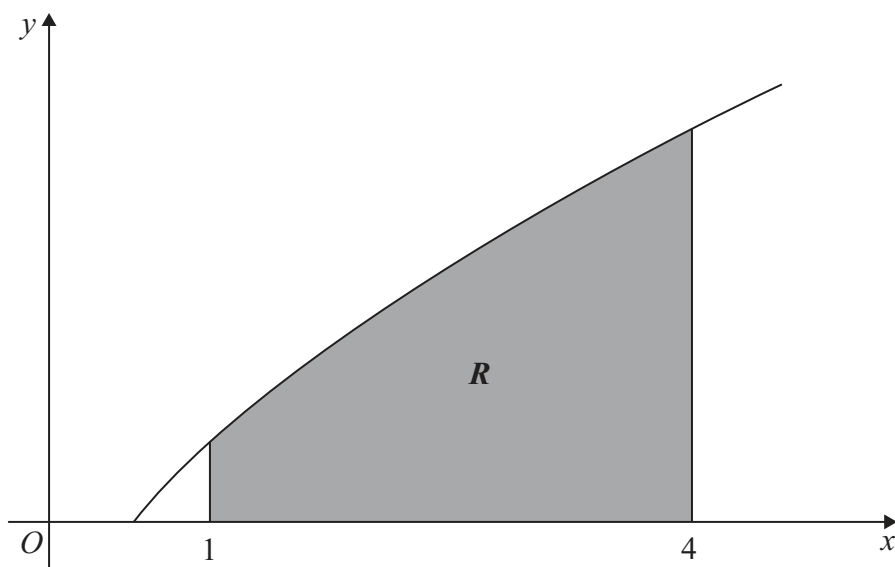








7.



**Figure 3**

Figure 3 shows a sketch of part of the curve with equation  $y = x^{\frac{1}{2}} \ln 2x$ .

The finite region  $R$ , shown shaded in Figure 3, is bounded by the curve, the  $x$ -axis and the lines  $x = 1$  and  $x = 4$

- (a) Use the trapezium rule, with 3 strips of equal width, to find an estimate for the area of  $R$ , giving your answer to 2 decimal places. (4)
- (b) Find  $\int x^{\frac{1}{2}} \ln 2x \, dx$ . (4)
- (c) Hence find the exact area of  $R$ , giving your answer in the form  $a \ln 2 + b$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are exact constants. (3)

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---











8. Relative to a fixed origin  $O$ , the point  $A$  has position vector  $(10\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k})$ , and the point  $B$  has position vector  $(8\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k})$ .

The line  $l$  passes through the points  $A$  and  $B$ .

- (a) Find the vector  $\overrightarrow{AB}$ . **(2)**

- (b) Find a vector equation for the line  $l$ . **(2)**

The point  $C$  has position vector  $(3\mathbf{i} + 12\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k})$ .

The point  $P$  lies on  $l$ . Given that the vector  $\overrightarrow{CP}$  is perpendicular to  $l$ ,

- (c) find the position vector of the point  $P$ . **(6)**

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---









**Question 8 continued**

Handwritten response area consisting of 25 horizontal lines.

**Q8**

--	--

**(Total 10 marks)**

**TOTAL FOR PAPER: 75 MARKS**

**END**

